AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) An organic electroluminescent composition comprising:

(1) a triarylamine containing 2 to 4 nitrogen atoms each forming a triarylamine

represented by the following formula,

 $(Ar_1 Ar_2 N-)_2 - Ar_3$

wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are independently monovalent aryl groups and at least one is a

substituted or unsubstituted condensed ring structure, and Ar₃ is a divalent aryl group,

and containing

0.5 wt% or less of compound (A), and

1 wt% or less of compound (B),

compound (A) possessing one less nitrogen atom than the number of nitrogen atoms

present in the triarylamine of (1), and

compound (B) possessing one more nitrogen atom than the number of nitrogen atoms

present in the triarylamine of (1),

wherein when said organic electroluminescent composition is incorporated in a hole-

transporting layer of an organic electro-luminescent element device, the operating time in which

the initial luminescence attenuates 10% exceeds 100 hours in a live life test, wherein the life test

is conducted on an electroluminescent element device in which the hole transporting layer

consists of the aforementioned triarylamine and the luminescent layer consists of

tris(8-quinolinato)aluminum by applying a direct current at a constant current density of 10

 mA/cm^2 .

2. (Cancelled)

GMM/CAM/py

Docket No.: 1752-0154P

2

Reply to Office Action of January 24, 2006

3. (Cancelled)

4. (Previously Presented) A composition for an organic electroluminescent elemental

device as described in claim 1 wherein the triarylamine of (1) is N,N'-di(naphthalene-1-yl)-

N,N'-diphenylbenzidine.

5. (Cancelled).

6. (Currently Amended) An organic electroluminescent elemental device wherein an

organic electroluminescent elemental composition is incorporated in a hole transporting layer of

the device, said organic electroluminescent composition comprising:

(1) a triarylamine containing 2 to 4 nitrogen atoms each forming a triarylamine

represented by the following formula,

 $(Ar_1 Ar_2 N_{-})_2 - Ar_3$

wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are independently monovalent aryl groups and at least one is a

substituted or unsubstituted condensed ring structure, and Ar₃ is a divalent aryl group,

and containing

0.5 wt% or less of compound (A), and

1 wt% or less of compound (B),

compound (A) possessing one less nitrogen atom than the number of nitrogen atoms

3

present in the triarylamine of (1), and

GMM/CAM/py

Docket No.: 1752-0154P

compound (B) possessing one more nitrogen atom than the number of nitrogen atoms present in the triarylamine of (1),

wherein the operating time in which the initial luminescence attenuates 10% exceeds 100 hours in a live life test, wherein the life test is conducted on an electroluminescent element device in which the hole transporting layer consists of the aforementioned triarylamine and the luminescent layer consists of tris(8-quinolinato)aluminum by applying a direct current at a constant current density of 10 mA/cm².

- 7. (Currently Amended) An organic electroluminescent composition comprising:
- (1) a triarylamine containing 2 to 4 nitrogen atoms each forming a triarylamine represented by the following formula,

 $(Ar_1 Ar_2 N-)_2 - Ar_3$

wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are independently monovalent aryl groups and at least one is a substituted or unsubstituted condensed ring structure, and Ar₃ is a divalent aryl group,

containing

0.5 wt% or less of compound (A), and

1 wt% or less of compound (B),

compound (A) possessing one less nitrogen atom than the number of nitrogen atoms present in the triarylamine of (1), and

compound (B) possessing one more nitrogen atom than the number of nitrogen atoms present in the triarylamine of (1), which composition is prepared by a process comprising

Reply to Office Action of January 24, 2006

purifying by sublimation or distillation the triarylamine of (1) obtained by the reaction of

a haloaryl compound containing one or more halogen atoms in the aromatic ring with an aryl

amine in the presence of a catalyst until the triarylamine contains 0.5 wt% or less of compound

(A) and 1 wt% or less of compound (B),

wherein when said organic electroluminescent composition is incorporated in a hole-

transporting layer of an organic electro-luminescent element device, the operating time in which

the initial luminescence attenuates 10% exceeds 100 hours in a live life test, wherein the life test

is conducted on an electro-luminescent element device in which the hole transporting layer

consists of the aforementioned triarylamine and the luminescent layer consists of tris(8-

quinolinato) aluminum by applying a direct current at a constant current density of 10 mA/cm².

8. (Currently Amended) An organic electroluminescent composition for an organic

electroluminescent elemental device, comprising:

(1) a triarylamine containing 2 to 4 nitrogen atoms each forming a triarylamine

represented by the following formula,

 $(Ar_1 Ar_2 N_{-})_2 - Ar_3$

wherein Ar₁ and Ar₂ are independently monovalent aryl groups and at least one is a

substituted or unsubstituted condensed ring structure, and Ar₃ is a divalent aryl group,

containing

0.5 wt% or less of compound (A), and

5

1 wt% or less of compound (B),

GMM/CAM/py

Reply to Office Action of January 24, 2006

compound (A) possessing one less nitrogen atom than the number of nitrogen atoms

present in the triarylamine of (1), and

compound (B) possessing one more nitrogen atom than the number of nitrogen atoms

present in the triarylamine of (1).

9. (Currently Amended) The organic electroluminescent composition according to

claim 8, wherein when said organic electroluminescent composition is incorporated in a hole-

transporting layer of an organic electroluminescent element device, the operating time in which

the initial luminescence attenuates 10% exceeds 100 hours in a live life test, wherein the life test

is conducted on an electroluminescent element device in which the hole transporting layer

consists of the aforementioned triarylamine and the luminescent layer consists of

tris(8-quinolinato)aluminum by applying a direct current at a constant current density of 10

mA/cm².

10. (Previously Presented) A method for preparing the organic electroluminescent

composition according to claim 8, comprising

purifying by sublimation or distillation the triarylamine of (1) obtained by the reaction of

a haloaryl compound containing one or more halogen atoms in the aromatic ring with an aryl

amine in the presence of a catalyst until the triarylamine of (1) contains

0.5 wt% or less of compound (A), and

1 wt% or less of compound (B).

Application No. 10/060,203 Amendment dated May 24, 2006

Reply to Office Action of January 24, 2006

11. (New) A composition for an organic electroluminescent elemental device as

described in claim 1, wherein Ar₁ is a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, Ar₂ is a substituted or

unsubstituted aromatic condensed ring having 2 or 3 rings.

12. (New) A composition for an organic electroluminescent elemental device as

described in claim 1, wherein Ar₁ is phenyl, Ar₂ is naphthyl, phenanthlyl or anthranyl and Ar₃ is

1,4-phenylene or 4,4'-biphenylene.

Docket No.: 1752-0154P